

Standards of Medical Education in Israel

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ניקוד וסכימת אלמנטים וסטנדרטים

המועצה להשכלה גבוהה קבעה כ-11 סטנדרטים שלאורם היא בוחנת את איכות לימודי הרפואה, המורכבים מכ-58 אלמנטים הבוחנים כל אחד מרכיב אחר בלימודי הרפואה:

להלן מפורטים בטבלה הפרמטרים לניקוד האלמנטים והסטנדרטים:

משמעות	ניקוד	
אי-עמידה	1-2	מדרג הציונים של כל אלמנט
עמידה חלקית	3-4	בסטנדרט
עמידה	5-6	
סדר עולה בהתאם לחשיבות	1-4	משקל האלמנטים
סטנדרט בעל חשיבות פחותה	0.8	משקל הסטנדרטים
סטנדרט חשוב	1	-
סטנדרט חשוב מאד	1.2	
האלמנטים המשוקללים בכל סטנדרט	ממוצע משוקלל של כל	ציון הסטנדרט

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כמפורט לעיל:	והאלמוטיה.	הסמודרמיה	מעקלוה	מפורמיה	רוזרלה להלו
	,				

סטנדרט	אלמנטים	משקלות האלמנטים	משקל הסטנדרט
STANDARD 1: MISSION, PLANNING,	1.1 Strategic Planning and Continuous Quality Improvement	4	1
ORGANIZATION, AND	1.2 Bylaws	3	
INTEGRITY	1.3 Conflict of Interest	2	
	1.4Affiliation Agreements/Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with clinical affiliates	4	
STANDARD 2: LEADERSHIP	2.1 Dean's Qualifications	3	0.8
AND ADMINISTRATION	2.2 Dean's Authority/Resources	3	
	2.3 Academic Officer and Faculty Appointments	3	
	2.4 Access and Authority of the Dean	3	
	2.5 Sufficiency of Administrative Staff	3	
	2.6 Committees	3	
	2.7 Functional Integration of the Faculty	3	
STANDARD 3: ACADEMIC	3.1 Community of Scholars	4	1
AND LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS	3.2 Resident Participation in Medical Student Education	2	
	3.3 Anti-Discrimination Policy and Student Mistreatment	4	
	3.4 Professionalism	4	
STANDARD 4: FACULTY	4.1 Sufficiency of Faculty	4	1
PREPARATION,	4.2 Scholarly Productivity	3	
PRODUCTIVITY, PARTICIPATION, AND	4.3 Faculty Appointment Polices	4	
POLICIES	4.4 Faculty Feedback	3	
	4.5 Professional Development	4	
STANDARD 5:	5.1 Student Amenities	3	1
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES AND INFRASTRUCTURE	5.2 Security, Safety and Disaster Preparedness	2	
	5.3 Sufficiency of Buildings and Digital Infrastructures	4	
	5.4 Library and Information Resources	4	
	5.5 Resources for Clinical Instruction	4	
STANDARD 6:	6.1 Learning Objectives	4	1.2
COMPETENCIES,	6.2 Clinical Training	4	
CURRICULAR OBJECTIVES, AND CURRICULAR DESIGN	6.3 Self-Directed and Lifelong Learning	4	

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	6.4 Hospital/Community Experiences	4	
	6.5 Elective Opportunities	4	1
STANDARD 7: CURRICULAR	7.1 Scientific Method and Research	4	1.2
CONTENT	7.2 Ethics, Human Values, Behavioral, and Socioeconomic Subjects Pertinent to Medicine	4	
	7.3 Sciences Basic to Medicine	4	
	7.4 Primary Care in the Community	4]
	7.5 Clinical Disciplines	4]
	7.6 Diagnostic Imaging, Clinical Pathology, and Multi-Disciplinary Care	4	
	7.7 Societal Problems	4	
	7.8 Communication Skills	4	
	7.9 Inter-professional Collaborative Skills	4	
	7.10 Cultural Competence and Health Care Disparities	4	
STANDARD 8: CURRICULAR	8.1 Design and Management	4	1.2
MANAGEMENT, EVALUATION, AND ENHANCEMENT	8.2 Curricular Review, Revision, and Content Monitoring	4	
ENHANCEMENT	8.3 Program Evaluation	4	
	8.4 Comparability	4	
	8.5 Medical Student Feedback	4	1
STANDARD 9: TEACHING, SUPERVISION,	9.1 Establishment of Standards of Achievement	4	1.2
ASSESSMENT, AND	9.2 Assessment System	4	
STUDENT AND PATIENT SAFETY	9.3 Student Advancement and Appeal Process	4	
	9.4 Timely Assessment	4	
STANDARD 10: MEDICAL	10.1 Admissions	4	1
STUDENT SELECTION, ASSIGNMENT, AND	10.2 Final Authority of the Admission Committee	4	
PROGRESS	10.3 Transfer Students	2	1
	10.4 Visiting Students	2	1
STANDARD 11: MEDICAL STUDENT ACADEMIC SUPPORT, CAREER ADVISING, EDUCATIONAL RECORDS, FINANCIAL AID, AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL	11.1 Student Access to Educational Records	4	0.8
	11.2 Advising the Choice of Electives	3]
	11.3 Career Advising	3]
	11.4 Financial Aid	2]
COUNSELING	11.5 Personal Counseling and Non- Involvement of Providers of Student	4	

Health Assessmer Records	Services nt/Location o	Student nt Health		
11.6 Policies/Pr	Student ocedures	Exposure	4	

לאחר מתן ציון, כמפורט לעיל, עבור כל אלמנט בכל סטנדרט יחושב הציון של בית הספר לרפואה:

אי-עמידה בסטנדרטים	1 < X <= 3	
עמידה חלקית בסטנדרטים הדורשת תהליך בחינה <mark>חוזר</mark>	3 < X< 4	
עמידה מותנית בסטנדרטים הדורשת מעקב בעתיד	4 <= X < 5	ציון הממוצע המשוקלל של בית הספר=X
עמידה מלאה בסטנדרטים	5 <= X <= 6	

אי עמידה ועמידה מותנית בעמידה בסטנדרטים:

- (1.2 שמשקלו) אי-עמידה במידה ובית הספר אינו עומד ביותר מסטנדרט אחד חשוב מאוד (שמשקלו •
- עמידה מותנית הדורשת תיקון במידה ובית הספר אינו עומד ביותר משני סטנדרטים חשובים (שמשקלם
 1) או כאלה שחשיבותם פחותה (שמשקלם 0.8).

Scoring and Consolidation of Elements and Standards

The Council for Higher Education has established 11 standards used to evaluate medical education. These standards comprise approximately 58 elements, each of which assesses a different component of medical education.

Meaning	Score	
Non-Compliant	1-2	Elements' scores
Partially-Compliant	3-4	(The use of a range of numbers is
Compliant	5-6	intended to provide additional accuracy in relation to the threshold above or below)
Elements' Weight	1-4	Elements' Weight
Element of Lesser Importance	0.8	Standard's Weight
Important Element	1	
Very Important Element	1.2	
Average score of all weighted eler	nents in each standard	Standard Score

Weights of the standards and elements:

Standards	Elements	Elements Weights	Standard Weight
STANDARD 1: MISSION, PLANNING,	1.1 Strategic Planning and Continuous Quality Improvement	4	1
ORGANIZATION, AND	1.2 Bylaws	3	
INTEGRITY	1.3 Conflict of Interest	2	
	1.4Affiliation Agreements/Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with Clinical Affiliates	4	
STANDARD 2: LEADERSHIP	2.1 Dean's Qualifications	3	0.8
AND ADMINISTRATION	2.2 Dean's Authority/Resources	3	
	2.3 Academic Officer and Faculty Appointments	3	
	2.4 Access and Authority of the Dean	3	
	2.5 Sufficiency of Administrative Staff	3	
	2.6 Committees	3	
	2.7 Functional Integration of the Faculty	3	
STANDARD 3: ACADEMIC	3.1 Community of Scholars	4	1
AND LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS	3.2 Resident Participation in Medical Student Education	2	
	3.3 Anti-Discrimination Policy and Student Mistreatment	4	
	3.4 Professionalism	4	
STANDARD 4: FACULTY	4.1 Sufficiency of Faculty	4	1
PREPARATION,	4.2 Scholarly Productivity	3	
PRODUCTIVITY, PARTICIPATION, AND	4.3 Faculty Appointment Polices	4	
POLICIES	4.4 Faculty Feedback	3	
	4.5 Professional Development	4	
STANDARD 5:	5.1 Student Amenities	3	1
EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES AND	5.2 Security, Safety and Disaster Preparedness	2	
INFRASTRUCTURE	5.3 Sufficiency of Buildings and Digital Infrastructures	4	
	5.4 Library and Information Resources	4	1
	5.5 Resources for Clinical Instruction	4	1
STANDARD 6:	6.1 Learning Objectives	4	1.2
COMPETENCIES,	6.2 Clinical Training	4	1

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CURRICULAR OBJECTIVES, AND CURRICULAR DESIGN	6.3 Self-Directed and Lifelong Learning	4	
	6.4 Hospital/Community Experiences	4	
	6.5 Elective Opportunities	4	
STANDARD 7:	7.1 Scientific Method and Research	4	1.2
CURRICULAR CONTENT	7.2 Ethics, Human Values, Behavioral, and Socioeconomic Subjects Pertinent to Medicine	4	
	7.3 Sciences Basic to Medicine	4	
	7.4 Primary Care in the Community	4	
	7.5 Clinical Disciplines	4	
	7.6 Diagnostic Imaging, Clinical Pathology, and Multidisciplinary Care	4	
	7.7 Societal Problems	4	
	7.8 Communication Skills	4	
	7.9 Inter-professional Collaborative Skills	4	
	7.10 Cultural Competence and Health Care Disparities	4	
STANDARD 8:	8.1 Design and Management	4	1.2
CURRICULAR MANAGEMENT,	8.2 Curricular Review, Revision, and Content Monitoring	4	
EVALUATION, AND ENHANCEMENT	8.3 Program Evaluation	4	
	8.4 Comparability	4	
	8.5 Medical Student Feedback	4	
STANDARD 9: TEACHING, SUPERVISION,	9.1 Establishment of Standards of Achievement	4	1.2
ASSESSMENT, AND STUDENT AND PATIENT	9.2 Assessment System	4	
SAFETY	9.3 Student Advancement and Appeal Process	4	
	9.4 Timely Assessment	4	
STANDARD 10: MEDICAL	10.1 Admissions	4	1
STUDENT SELECTION, ASSIGNMENT, AND PROGRESS	10.2 Final Authority of the Admission Committee	4	
PROGRESS	10.3 Transfer Students	2	
	10.4 Visiting Students	2	
STANDARD 11: MEDICAL STUDENT ACADEMIC	11.1 Student Access to Educational Records	4	0.8
SUPPORT, CAREER ADVISING, EDUCATIONAL	11.2 Advising the Choice of Electives	3	
	11.3 Career Advising	3	

RECORDS, FINANCIAL AID, AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL COUNSELING	11.4 Financial Aid	2	
	11.5 Personal Counseling and Non- Involvement of Providers of Student Health Services in Student	4	
	Assessment/Location of Student Health Records		
	11.6StudentExposurePolicies/Procedures	4	

The consolidated score for the school is the weighted average of the standards, adjusted to the grading scale of 1 to 6 as follows:

Non-compliance with standards	1 < X <= 3	
Partial compliance with standards requiring a re- examination process	3 < X< 4	The weighted average score of the school = X
Conditional compliance with standards requiring future monitoring	4 <= X < 5	
Full compliance with standards	5 <= X <= 6	

In addition, minimum accreditation requirements have been established:

- Non-compliance if the school fails to meet more than one very important standard (weighing 1.2).
- Conditional compliance requires rectification if the school fails to meet more than two important standards (weighing 1) or those of lesser importance (weighing 0.8).

STANDARD 1: MISSION, PLANNING, ORGANIZATION, AND INTEGRITY

A medical school has a written statement of mission and goals for the medical education program, conducts ongoing planning, and has written bylaws that describe an effective organizational structure and governance process. In the conduct of all internal and external activities, the medical school demonstrates integrity through its consistent and documented adherence to fair, impartial, and effective processes, policies, and practices.

Standard Weight: 1

1.1 Strategic Planning and Continuous Quality Improvement

A medical school engages at least every three years in ongoing strategic planning and continuous quality improvement processes that establish its short and long-term programmatic goals, result in the achievement of measurable outcomes that are used to improve educational program quality, and ensure effective monitoring of the medical education program's compliance with accreditation standards.

Element Weight: 4

1.2 Bylaws

The manner in which the medical school is organized, including the responsibilities and privileges of administrative officers, faculty, students, and committees is promulgated in the medical school or university bylaws.

Element Weight: 3

1.3 Conflict of Interest

A medical school has policies which deal with circumstances in which the private interests of its faculty or staff may conflict with their official responsibilities.

Element Weight: 2

1.4 Affiliation Agreements/Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with clinical affiliates

In the relationship between a medical school and its clinical affiliates, the educational program for all medical students remains under the control of the medical school's faculty. An authorized official at the university will submit a statement of the existence of agreements between the medical school and the hospitals concerning all the required components and the responsibilities of each party related to the medical education program. Agreements are necessary with clinical affiliates that are used regularly for required clinical experiences; such agreements may also be warranted with other clinical facilities that have a significant role in the clinical education program. Such agreements provide for, at a minimum the following:

a) The assurance of medical student and faculty access to appropriate resources for medical student education

b) The primacy of the medical education program's authority over academic affairs and the education/assessment of medical students

c) The role of the medical school in the appointment and assignment of faculty members with responsibility for medical student teaching

d) Specification of the responsibility for treatment and follow-up when a medical student is exposed to an infectious or environmental hazard or other occupational injury

e) The shared responsibility of the clinical affiliate and the medical school for creating and maintaining an appropriate learning environment

STANDARD 2: LEADERSHIP AND ADMINISTRATION

A medical school has a sufficient number of faculty in leadership roles and of senior administrative staff with the skills, time, and administrative support necessary to achieve the goals of the medical education program and to ensure the functional integration of all programmatic components.

Standard Weight: 0.8

2.1 Dean's Qualifications

The dean of a medical school is **qualified by education and experience to provide leadership in medical education.**

Element Weight: 3

2.2 Dean's Authority/Resources

The dean of a medical school has **sufficient available resources and authority to fulfill his or her responsibility** for the management and evaluation of the medical curriculum.

Element Weight: 3

2.3 Academic Officer and Faculty Appointments

Academic officers and members of a medical school faculty are appointed by, or on the authority of, the governing board of the medical school or its parent university.

Element Weight: 3

2.4 Access and Authority of the Dean

The dean of a medical school has **sufficient access to the university president or other institutional official** charged with final responsibility for the medical education program and to other institutional officials as is necessary to fulfill the responsibilities of the dean's office.

Element Weight: 3

2.5 Sufficiency of Administrative Staff

The dean has the assistance of such associate or assistant deans and administrative staff who are able to commit the time necessary to accomplish the missions of the medical school.

Element Weight: 3

2.6 Committees

A committee structure is the usual mechanism for involving faculty and others in decisions concerning admissions, promotions, curriculum, library and research, etc. The names, membership, and functions of such committees are not prescribed by these standards, but rather are subject to local determination and needs.

2.7 Functional Integration of the Faculty

The faculty in each discipline, in all sites, are functionally integrated by appropriate administrative mechanisms (e.g., regular meetings and/or communication, periodic visits, participation in shared governance and data sharing).

STANDARD 3: ACADEMIC AND LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS

A medical school ensures that its medical education program occurs in professional, respectful, and intellectually stimulating academic and clinical environments, recognizes the benefits of diversity, and promotes students' attainment of competencies required of future physicians.

Standard Weight: 1

3.1 Community of Scholars

A medical school is a component of a university that has graduate and other professional degree programs. The program of medical education leading to the M.D. degree is conducted in an environment that fosters the intellectual challenge and spirit of inquiry as characterized by the community of scholars that constitutes a university. A medical school ensures that students have the opportunity to participate in research and other scholarly activities of the faculty.

Element Weight: 4

3.2 Resident Participation in Medical Student Education

The required clerkships are conducted in a teaching hospital or ambulatory care facility where residents in accredited programs of medical education, under faculty guidance, may participate in teaching the students. Residents are informed about the educational objectives of the clerkships and be prepared for their roles as teachers of medical students.

Element Weight: 2

3.3 Anti-Discrimination Policy and Student Mistreatment

A medical school does not discriminate on the basis of age, creed, gender identity, national origin, race, sex, or sexual orientation.

A medical school develops and widely promulgates written procedures that allow medical students to report violations of these standards-- such as incidents of harassment or abuse--without fear of retaliation. The procedures specify mechanisms for the prompt handling of such complaints, and for the educational methods aimed at preventing student mistreatment.

Element Weight: 4

3.4 Professionalism

A medical school or its parent university defines the standards of conduct in the professional behavior between students and faculty, and among faculty themselves.

STANDARD 4: FACULTY PREPARATION, PRODUCTIVITY, PARTICIPATION, AND POLICIES

The faculty members of a medical school are qualified through their education, training, experience, and continuing professional development and provide the leadership and support necessary to attain the institution's educational, research, and service goals.

Standard Weight: 1

4.1 Sufficiency of Faculty

The faculty of a medical school provides effective teaching and is of sufficient size to provide the scope of the educational program offered.

Element Weight: 4

4.2 Scholarly Productivity

The faculty of a medical school demonstrate a commitment to continuing scholarly productivity that is characteristic of an institution of higher learning.

Element Weight: 3

4.3 Faculty Appointment Polices

A medical school has clear policies for the appointment, renewal of appointment, promotion, granting of tenure and dismissal of members of the faculty. The appointment process involves the faculty, the appropriate departmental heads, and the dean. Faculty members receive a clear definition of the terms of appointment, responsibilities, line of communication, privileges and benefits, and policy on practice earnings.

Element Weight: 4

4.4 Faculty Feedback

A medical school faculty member receives regular feedback from departmental and/or other programmatic or institutional leaders on academic performance and progress toward promotion and, when applicable, tenure.

Element Weight: 3

4.5 Professional Development

A medical school and/or its sponsoring institution provides opportunities for professional development to each faculty member in areas such as discipline content, curricular design, program evaluation, student assessment methods, instructional methodology, and research to enhance his or her skills and leadership abilities in these areas.

STANDARD 5: EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES AND INFRASTRUCTURE

A medical school has sufficient personnel, financial resources, physical facilities, equipment, and clinical, instructional, informational, technological, and other resources readily available and accessible across all locations to meet its needs and to achieve its goals.

Standard Weight: 1

5.1 Student Amenities

A medical school provides students with amenities that increase efficiency, such as study space, lounge areas and food service, if not available in the immediate vicinity of the school.

Element Weight: 3

5.2 Security, Safety and Disaster Preparedness

A medical school has an appropriate security system and procedures to ensure the safety of its personnel, students and all properties.

Element Weight: 2

5.3 Sufficiency of Buildings and Digital Infrastructures

The medical school has physical and digital infrastructures that are qualitatively adequate for the size and scope of the educational program, as well as of the student body. [supportive for professional element]

Element Weight: 4

5.4 Library and Information Resources

A medical school provides ready access to a well-maintained library and information resources sufficient in breadth of holdings and technology to support its educational and other missions. Library services are supervised by a professional staff that is familiar with regional and national information resources and data systems and is responsive to the needs of the medical students, faculty members, and others associated with the institution.

Element Weight: 4

5.5 Resources for Clinical Instruction

A medical school has, or is assured the use of, appropriate resources- including simulations equipment and facilities- for the clinical instruction of its medical students in ambulatory and inpatient settings and has adequate numbers and types of patients (e.g., acuity, case mix, age, gender).

STANDARD 6: COMPETENCIES, CURRICULAR OBJECTIVES, AND CURRICULAR DESIGN

The faculty of a medical school define the competencies to be achieved by its medical students through medical education program objectives and is responsible for the detailed design and implementation of the components of a medical curriculum that enable its medical students to achieve those competencies and objectives. Medical education program objectives are statements of the knowledge, skills, behaviors, and attitudes that medical students are expected to exhibit as evidence of their achievement by completion of the program.

Standard Weight: 1.2

6.1 Learning Objectives

The faculty of a medical school define its medical education program objectives in outcome-based terms that allow the assessment of medical students' progress in developing the competencies that the profession and the public expect of a physician. The medical school makes these medical education program objectives known to all medical students and faculty. In addition, the medical school ensures that the learning objectives for each required learning experience (e.g., course, clerkship) are made known to all medical students and those faculty, residents, and others with teaching and assessment responsibilities in those required experiences.

Element Weight: 4

6.2 Clinical Training

The requirements for the successful completion of the program of medical education include a particular focus on clerkships and other forms of clinical training- including extensive medical simulations- where students achieve competencies through hands-on experience. A system for monitoring the achievement of clinical education goals must be developed, based on these criteria, and students must be evaluated in this framework.

Element Weight: 4

6.3 Self-Directed and Lifelong Learning

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the medical curriculum includes self-directed learning experiences and time for independent study to allow medical students to develop the skills of lifelong learning. Self-directed learning involves medical students' self-assessment of learning needs; independent identification, analysis, and synthesis of relevant information; and appraisal of the credibility of information sources.

Element Weight: 4

6.4 Hospital/Community Experiences

Instruction and experience in patient care is provided in both ambulatory and hospital settings, as well as community clinics.

6.5 Elective Opportunities

The curriculum includes elective courses designed to supplement the required courses and to provide opportunities for students to pursue individual academic interests.

STANDARD 7: CURRICULAR CONTENT

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the medical curriculum provides content of sufficient breadth and depth to prepare medical students for entry into any residency program and for the subsequent contemporary practice of medicine.

Standard Weight: 1.2

7.1 Scientific Method and Research

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the medical curriculum includes instruction in the scientific method and in the basic scientific and ethical principles of research (including the ways in which such research is conducted, evaluated, explained to patients, and applied to patient care).

Element Weight: 4

7.2 Ethics, Human Values, Behavioral, and Socioeconomic Subjects Pertinent to Medicine The faculty of a medical school ensure that it includes content and clinical experiences related to the ethical, human values behavioral, and socioeconomic subjects pertinent to medicine.

Element Weight: 4

7.3 Sciences Basic to Medicine

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the medical curriculum includes content from the biomedical sciences to support medical students' mastery of contemporary scientific knowledge and concepts and the methods fundamental to applying them to the health of individuals and populations.

Element Weight: 4

7.4 Primary Care in the Community

All schools must offer a core curriculum in primary care in the community, utilizing the disciplines or multidisciplinary approaches involved in the delivery of such care.

Element Weight: 4

7.5 Clinical Disciplines

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the medical curriculum includes content and clinical experiences related to each organ system; each phase of the human life cycle; continuity of care; and preventive, acute, chronic, rehabilitative, end-of-life, and primary care in order to prepare students to:

a) Recognize wellness, determinants of health, and opportunities for health promotion and disease prevention

- b) Recognize and interpret symptoms and signs of disease
- c) Develop working hypotheses and treatment plans
- d) Recognize the potential health-related impact on patients of behavioral and socioeconomic factors
- e) Assist patients in addressing health-related issues involving all organ systems

Element Weight: 4

7.6 Diagnostic Imaging, Clinical Pathology, and Multi-Disciplinary Care

The curriculum provides grounding in the body of knowledge represented in the disciplines that support the fundamental clinical subjects, for example, diagnostic imaging and clinical pathology. Students must have opportunities to gain knowledge in those content areas that incorporate several disciplines in providing medical care, for example, emergency medicine and the care of the elderly and disabled.

Element Weight: 4

7.7 Societal Problems

The school must specify how students are prepared for their role in addressing the medical consequences of common societal problems, for example, providing instruction in the diagnosis, prevention, appropriate reporting and treatment of violence and abuse. Students are instructed in the social determinants of health.

Element Weight: 4

7.8 Communication Skills

The faculty of a medical school ensures that the curriculum includes specific instruction and assessment of communication skills as they relate to physician responsibilities, including communication with patients, families, colleagues and other health professionals.

Element Weight: 4

7.9 Inter-professional Collaborative Skills

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the core curriculum of the medical education program prepares medical students to function collaboratively on health care teams that include health professionals from other disciplines as they provide coordinated services to patients. These curricular experiences include practitioners and/or students from the other health professions.

Element Weight: 4

7.10 Cultural Competence and Health Care Disparities

The faculty of a medical school ensure that the medical curriculum provides opportunities for medical students to learn to recognize and appropriately address gender and cultural biases in themselves, in others, and in the health care delivery process.

STANDARD 8: CURRICULAR MANAGEMENT, EVALUATION, AND ENHANCEMENT

The faculty of a medical school engage in curricular revision and program evaluation activities to ensure that the medical education program quality is maintained and enhanced and that medical students achieve all medical education program objectives and participate in required clinical experiences and settings.

Standard Weight: 1.2

8.1 Design and Management

The program's faculty is responsible for the over-all design, implementation, and evaluation of a coherent and integrated curriculum.

Element Weight: 4

8.2 Curricular Review, Revision, and Content Monitoring

The objectives, content, and methods of pedagogy utilized for each segment of the curriculum, as well as for the entire curriculum, is subjected to periodic evaluation. Redundancies and deficiencies in the curriculum identified by the evaluations are corrected.

Element Weight: 4

8.3 Program Evaluation

A medical school collects and uses a variety of outcome data, including national norms of accomplishment, to demonstrate the extent to which medical students are achieving medical education program objectives and to enhance medical education program quality.

Element Weight: 4

8.4 Comparability

A medical school ensures that the medical curriculum includes comparable educational experiences and equivalent methods of assessment across all locations within a given course and clerkship to ensure that all medical students achieve the same medical education program objectives.

Element Weight: 4

8.5 Medical Student Feedback

In evaluating medical education program quality, a medical school has formal processes in place to collect and consider medical student evaluations of their courses, clerkships, and teachers, and other relevant information.

STANDARD 9: TEACHING, SUPERVISION, ASSESSMENT, AND STUDENT AND PATIENT SAFETY

A medical school ensures that its medical education program includes a comprehensive, fair, and uniform system of formative and summative medical student assessment and protects medical students' and patients' safety by ensuring that all persons who teach, supervise, and/or assess medical students are adequately prepared for those responsibilities.

Standard Weight: 1.2

9.1 Establishment of Standards of Achievement

A medical school ensures that faculty members with appropriate knowledge and expertise set standards of achievement in each required learning experience in the medical education program.]

Element Weight: 4

9.2 Assessment System

The faculty of a medical school ensures that

- a) the assessment of student achievement employs a variety of tools and measures of knowledge, competence and performance, systematically and sequentially applied throughout medical school.
- b) a narrative description of student performance and of non-cognitive achievements are recorded to supplement grade reports in all required clinical clerkships and in all courses where student-faculty interaction permits this form of assessment.
- c) there is a system of assessment which assures that students have acquired and can demonstrate on direct observation and/or through other methods (e.g. simulations, OSCE, etc.), the core clinical skills and behaviors needed in subsequent medical training.
- d) it has in place a system with central oversight that monitors and ensures completion by all medical students of required clinical experiences in the medical education program and remedies any identified gaps.

Element Weight: 4

9.3 Student Advancement and Appeal Process

The medical school publicizes to all faculty members and students its standards and procedures for the evaluation, advancement, and graduation of its students and for disciplinary action. A medical school ensures that there is a fair process for the faculty or administration to follow when taking any action that adversely affects the status of a student. The process includes timely notice of the impending action, disclosure of the evidence on which the action would be based, and an opportunity for the student to respond.

Element Weight: 4

9.4 Timely Assessment

The faculty committee monitors the frequency of examinations and their scheduling, particularly when the students are enrolled in several subjects simultaneously.

The dean (or vice dean of teaching) and the directors of all courses and clerkships design and implement a system of evaluation of the work of each student during progression through each course or clerkship. Each student is assessed early enough during a unit of study to allow time for remediation. All course directors or departmental heads, or their designates, serve as expert consultants to the chief academic officer for facilitation of performance of both students and faculty. Final grades are available within six weeks of the end of a course or clerkship.

STANDARD 10: MEDICAL STUDENT SELECTION, ASSIGNMENT, AND PROGRESS

A medical school establishes and publishes admission requirements for potential applicants to the medical education program and uses effective policies and procedures for medical student selection, enrollment, and assignment.

Standard Weight: 1

10.1 Admissions

The faculty of each school develop criteria and procedures for the selection of students, which is published and available to potential applicants. Medical schools strive to select students who possess the intelligence, integrity, and personal and emotional characteristics that are perceived necessary for them to become effective physicians.

Element Weight: 4

10.2 Final Authority of the Admission Committee

The final responsibility for accepting students to a medical school rests with a formally instituted admission committee. Persons or groups external to the medical school may assist in the evaluation of applicants, but the final responsibility belongs to the medical faculty. The selection of individual medical students for admission is not influenced by any political or financial factors. All criteria utilized in the selection process are available to the public. Advanced standing may be granted to students for work done prior to admission.

Element Weight: 4

10.3 Transfer Students

Differences in curricula across schools require that decisions about the transfer of students between schools be based on an assurance that the courses previously taken are compatible with the program to be entered. Accepted transfer students have demonstrated achievements in premedical education and medical school that are comparable to those of students in the class they join. A medical school has sufficient institutional resources to accommodate the transfer of students. Transfer students may be accepted into the middle years of the curriculum, but are not accepted into the final year of the program except under rare circumstances.

Element Weight: 2

10.4 Visiting Students

Students visiting from other schools for clinical clerkships and electives possess qualifications equivalent to the students they will join in these experiences. A medical school has sufficient institutional resources to accommodate such students without significantly diminishing the resources available to students already enrolled. Visiting students are registered by the school for the period in which they are visiting, so as to ensure that they satisfy the school's requirements for health records, immunizations, health insurance, and liability protection.

STANDARD 11: MEDICAL STUDENT ACADEMIC SUPPORT, CAREER ADVISING, EDUCATIONAL RECORDS, FINANCIAL AID, AND ACCESS TO PERSONAL COUNSELING

A medical school provides effective academic support, student services, financial aid counseling, and career advising to all medical students to assist them in achieving their career goals and the school's medical education program objectives. All medical students have the same rights and receive comparable services.

Standard Weight: 0.8

11.1 Student Access to Educational Records

A medical school has policies and procedures in place that permit a medical student to review and challenge his or her educational records. Student records are confidential and made available only to members of the faculty and administration with a need to know, unless released by the student, or as otherwise governed by laws concerning confidentiality.

Element Weight: 4

11.2 Advising the Choice of Electives

Students are permitted to take electives at other institutions, and there is a system centralized in the dean's office to screen the students' proposed extramural programs prior to approval and to ensure the return of a performance appraisal by the host program.

Element Weight: 3

11.3 Career Advising

A medical school makes career advice available to its medical students to help them choose their career paths.

Element Weight: 3

11.4 Financial Aid

A medical school informs its parent university of its policies with regard to counseling about financial aid. To the extent possible, a school provides financial aid to students.

2

11.5 Personal Counseling and Non-Involvement of Providers of Student Health Services in Student Assessment/Location of Student Health Records

A medical school has in place an effective system of personal counseling for its medical students that includes programs to promote their well-being and to facilitate their adjustment to the physical and emotional demands of medical education. Confidential counseling by mental health professionals is made available to students.

The health professionals who provide health services, including psychiatric/psychological counseling, to a medical student have no involvement in the academic assessment or promotion of the medical

student receiving those services. A medical school ensures that medical student health records are maintained in accordance with legal requirements for security, privacy, confidentiality, and accessibility.

Element Weight: 4

11.6 Student Exposure Policies/Procedures

A medical school develops policies dealing with students' exposure to infectious and environmental hazards. The policies include education of students about methods of prevention and the effects of infectious and/or environmental disease or disability on student education activities.